## SENATE BILL NO. 1244

## 93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR LOUDON.

Read 1st time March 1, 2006, and ordered printed.

5336S.03I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To amend chapter 191, RSMo, by adding thereto four new sections relating to Medicaid fraud, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 191, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto four new

- 2 sections, to be known as sections 191.911, 191.912, 191.913, and 191.914, to read
- 3 as follows:

191.911. 1. Any person may bring a civil action in the name of

2 the state to recover losses that the state suffers from a violation of

sections 191.900 to 191.912. At the time of filing the complaint, the

person shall deliver a copy of the complaint and a written disclosure

of all material evidence and information the person possesses to the

state attorney general. The complaint shall be filed in camera, shall

7 remain under seal for at least sixty days, and shall not be served upon

8 the defendant until the court so orders. The attorney general may elect

9 to intervene and proceed with the action within sixty days after it

10 receives both the complaint and the material evidence and

11 information. During the period in which the complaint is under seal,

12 the attorney general may elect to initiate discussions with the accused

provider in an attempt to facilitate a resolution of the claim prior to

the commencement of judicial proceedings.

2. An action filed under this section shall not be dismissed by the

person initiating such action unless the attorney general has been

notified and had an opportunity to appear and oppose the

18 dismissal. The attorney general shall waive the opportunity to oppose

19 the dismissal if it is not exercised within twenty-eight days of receiving

20 notice.

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213. The attorney general may, for good cause shown, move the 22 court for an extension of the time during which the complaint remains 23under seal, as provided by subsection 1 of this section. Any such motion may be supported by affidavits or other submissions in camera. 24

- 4. Before the expiration of the sixty day period or any extensions obtained under subsection 3 of this section, the attorney general shall:
- 27 (1) Notify the court and the person initiating the action that it will proceed with the action, in which case the action shall be 28 29 conducted by the attorney general; or
  - (2) Notify the court that it declines to take over the action, in which case the action shall be dismissed, notwithstanding any objection by the person initiating the action.
- 33 5. When a person files an action under this section, no person other than the attorney general shall intervene or bring a related 34 35 action based on the facts underlying the pending action.
- 6. If the attorney general elects to proceed with the action, he or she shall have the primary responsibility for conducting the action, and 37 shall not be bound by any act of the person initiating the action. Such person shall have the right to continue as a party to the action, subject to the limitations set forth in subsection 9 of this section.
  - 7. The attorney general may voluntarily dismiss the action notwithstanding the objections of the person initiating the action, but only if that person has been notified of and offered the opportunity to participate in a hearing on the motion to dismiss.
  - 8. The attorney general may settle the action, notwithstanding the objections of the person initiating the action, but only if that person has been notified of and offered the opportunity to participate in a hearing on the settlement, and if the court determines that the settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable under the circumstances. Upon a showing of good cause, the settlement hearing may be held in camera.
- 52 9. Upon a showing by the attorney general that unrestricted participation during the course of the litigation by the person initiating 53 54the action would interfere with or unduly delay the attorney general's prosecution of the case, or would be repetitious, irrelevant, or unduly 55 56 harassing, the court may, in its discretion, impose limitations on the person's participation, such as: 57

58 (1) Limiting the number of witnesses the person may call;

- (2) Limiting the length of the testimony of witnesses;
- 60 (3) Limiting the person's cross-examination of witnesses; or
- 61 (4) Otherwise limiting the participation by the person in the 62 litigation.
- Upon a showing by the defendant that unrestricted participation during the course of the litigation by the person initiating the action would be unduly harassing, or would cause the defendant undue burden or unnecessary expense, the court may limit the participation by the person in the litigation.
  - 10. Upon a showing, conducted in camera, that actions of the person initiating the action during discovery would interfere with the attorney general's investigation or prosecution of a criminal or civil matter, the court may stay the discovery for not more than sixty days. The court may extend the stay upon a further showing that the attorney general is pursuing the investigation or proceeding with reasonable diligence and the discovery would interfere with the ongoing investigation or proceeding.
  - 11. As an alternative to an action authorized by this section, the attorney general may pursue a violation of sections 191.900 to 191.913 through any alternate remedy available to this state, including an administrative proceeding. If the attorney general pursues an alternate proceeding, a person who initiated an action under this section shall have equivalent rights in that proceeding to the rights that the person would have had if the action had continued under this section. Findings of fact and conclusions of law that become final in an alternative proceeding shall become conclusive on the parties to an action under this section. For the purposes of this subsection, a finding or conclusion is final if it has been finally determined on appeal to the appropriate court, if the time for filing an appeal with respect to the finding or conclusion has expired, or if the finding or conclusion is not subject to judicial review.
  - 12. If the parties to an action filed under this section prevail in the action, the court shall award the person who initiated such action necessary expenses, costs, reasonable attorney fees, and, based on the amount of effort involved, the court shall award such person ten to twenty percent of the monetary proceeds resulting from the action or

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95 any settlement of the claim.

13. If the court finds an action under this section to be based primarily on disclosure of specific information that was not provided by the person initiating the action, such as information from a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing in a state or federal department or agency, a legislative report, hearing, audit, or investigation, or the news media, and the attorney general proceeds with the action, the court shall award the person initiating the action no more than ten percent of the monetary recovery in addition to reasonable attorney's fees, necessary expenses, and costs.

14. If the court finds that the person initiating an action under this section planned, initiated, or participated in the conduct upon which the action is brought, the court may reduce or eliminate, as it considers appropriate, the share of the proceeds of the action that the person would otherwise be entitled to receive. A person who is convicted of criminal conduct arising from a violation of sections 191.900 to 191.913 shall not initiate or remain a party to an action under this section and is not entitled to share in the monetary proceeds resulting from the action or any settlement under this section.

15. A person other than the attorney general shall not bring an action under this section that is based on allegations or transactions that are already the subject of a civil suit, criminal investigation or prosecution, or an administrative investigation or proceeding to which the state or the federal government is already a party. The court shall dismiss an action brought in violation of this subsection.

16. Unless the person is the original source of the information, a person, other than the attorney general, shall not initiate an action under this section based on the public disclosure of allegations or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing in a state or federal department or agency, a legislative report, hearing, audit, or investigation, or the news media. The person is the original source if he or she had direct and independent knowledge of the information on which the allegations are based and voluntarily provided the information to the attorney general before filing an action based on that information under this section.

17. The attorney general shall not be liable for any expenses, costs, or attorney's fees that a person incurs in bringing an action

- 132 under this section. Any amount awarded to a person initiating an
- 133 action to enforce sections 191.900 to 191.913 is payable solely from the
- 134 proceeds of the action or settlement.
- 135 18. If the attorney general initiates an action for a violation of
- 136 sections 191.900 to 191.913, or assumes control of an action initiated by
- 137 a person under this section, the attorney general shall be awarded its
- 138 reasonable attorney's fees, expenses, and costs.
- 139 19. Venue for an action brought under this section shall be filed
- 140 in Cole County.
- 20. An action brought under this section shall not be brought
- 142 more than five years after the date on which the violation was
- 143 committed.
- 144 21. Nothing within this section shall be deemed to alter the
- 145 statutes of limitations provided in section 516.105, RSMo, or section
- 146 **537.100**, RSMo.
- 147 22. The attorney general shall report to the general assembly by
- 148 January 1, 2007, and annually thereafter, the following:
- 149 (1) The number of Medicaid provider and recipient
- 150 investigations and audits relating to Medicaid fraud completed within
- 151 the reporting year, including the age and type of cases;
- 152 (2) Number of Medicaid long-term care facility reviews;
- 153 (3) Number of Medicaid provider and recipient utilization
- 154 reviews.
  - 191.912. 1. An employer shall not discharge, demote, suspend,
  - 2 threaten, harass, or otherwise discriminate against an employee in the
  - 3 terms and conditions of employment because the employee initiates,
  - 4 assists in, or participates in a proceeding or court action under section
  - 5 191.900 to 191.912. Such prohibition shall not apply to an employment
  - 6 action against an employee who:
  - 7 (1) The court finds brought a frivolous or clearly vexatious
  - 8 claim;
  - 9 (2) The court finds to have planned, initiated, or participated in
  - 10 the conduct upon which the action is brought; or
  - 11 (3) Is convicted of criminal conduct arising from a violation of
  - 12 sections 191.900 to 191.912.
  - 13 2. An employer who violates this section is liable to the employee
  - 14 for all of the following:

15 (1) Reinstatement to the employee's position without loss of 16 seniority;

- 17 (2) Two times the amount of lost back pay;
- 18 (3) Interest on the back pay;
- 19 (4) Compensation for any special damages;
- 20 (5) Any other relief necessary to make an employee whole.
- 191.913. 1. By January 1, 2007, and annually thereafter, the attorney general's office shall report to the general assembly and the governor the following:
- 4 (1) The number of claims filed under sections 191.900 to 191.913;
- 5 (2) The number of claims filed under this section in which the 6 attorney general elects to intervene;
- 7 (3) The total amount of monetary recovery as the result of 8 settlement or final adjudication of an action filed under this section;
- 9 (4) The number of provider investigations relating to Medicaid 10 fraud completed within the reporting year, including the age and type 11 of cases;
- 12 (5) The number of referrals to other agencies as the result of 13 investigations or reviews;
- 14 (6) The total amount of overpayments identified as the result of 15 completed investigations, and the amount of fines and restitution 16 ordered to be reimbursed;
- 17 (7) The total amount of monetary recovery as the result of 18 completed investigations;
- 19 (8) The total number of arrests, indictments, and convictions as 20 the result of completed investigations.
- 2. By January 1, 2007, and annually thereafter, the Medicaid program integrity unit within the department of social services shall report to the general assembly and the governor the following:
- 24 (1) The number of referrals to the Medicaid fraud unit within the 25 attorney general's office;
- 26 (2) The total amount of overpayments identified as the result of 27 completed investigations, reviews, or audits, and the amount of fines 28 and restitution ordered to be reimbursed;
- 29 (3) The total amount of monetary recovery as the result of 30 completed investigation, reviews, or audits;
- 31 (4) The number of administrative sanctions against Medicaid

32 providers, including the number of providers excluded from the 33 program.

191.914. Any person who intentionally files a false report or claim alleging a violation of sections 191.900 to 191.910 shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor. Any person who previously has been convicted of making a false report or claim under this section and who is subsequently convicted of making a false report or claim under this section shall be guilty of a class D felony and shall be punished as provided by law.

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